

TABLE 10–3

Solution of the Blasius laminar flat plate boundary layer in similarity variables*

η	f''	f'	f	η	f''	f'	f
0.0	0.33206	0.00000	0.00000	2.4	0.22809	0.72898	0.92229
0.1	0.33205	0.03321	0.00166	2.6	0.20645	0.77245	1.07250
0.2	0.33198	0.06641	0.00664	2.8	0.18401	0.81151	1.23098
0.3	0.33181	0.09960	0.01494	3.0	0.16136	0.84604	1.39681
0.4	0.33147	0.13276	0.02656	3.5	0.10777	0.91304	1.83770
0.5	0.33091	0.16589	0.04149	4.0	0.06423	0.95552	2.30574
0.6	0.33008	0.19894	0.05973	4.5	0.03398	0.97951	2.79013
0.8	0.32739	0.26471	0.10611	5.0	0.01591	0.99154	3.28327
1.0	0.32301	0.32978	0.16557	5.5	0.00658	0.99688	3.78057
1.2	0.31659	0.39378	0.23795	6.0	0.00240	0.99897	4.27962
1.4	0.30787	0.45626	0.32298	6.5	0.00077	0.99970	4.77932
1.6	0.29666	0.51676	0.42032	7.0	0.00022	0.99992	5.27923
1.8	0.28293	0.57476	0.52952	8.0	0.00001	1.00000	6.27921
2.0	0.26675	0.62977	0.65002	9.0	0.00000	1.00000	7.27921
2.2	0.24835	0.68131	0.78119	10.0	0.00000	1.00000	8.27921

* η is the similarity variable defined in Eq. 4 above, and function $f(\eta)$ is solved using the Runge–Kutta numerical technique. Note that f'' is proportional to the shear stress τ , f' is proportional to the x -component of velocity in the boundary layer ($f' = u/U$), and f itself is proportional to the stream function. f' is plotted as a function of η in Fig. 10–99.