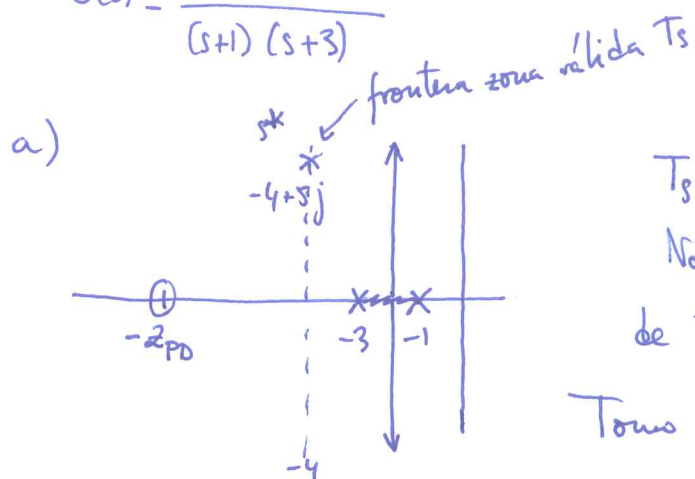


①  $T_s = 2s \rightarrow 1s$        $50\% = \frac{11}{20} \cdot 100 = 12.2\%$        $e_f(\omega) = 0$      $e_r(\omega) = 0.1$

$$G(s) = \frac{9}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$



$$T_s = 1 \Rightarrow \zeta \omega_n = 4$$

No hay compatibilidad con la zona válida de  $T_s$ . No necesito ver la de 80%

Tomamos un  $s^*$  en el límite de requisitos:

$$12.2\% \Rightarrow \zeta = 0.556 \Rightarrow \omega_n = 7.19 \Rightarrow \omega_d = 5.97$$

$$s^* = -4 + 5.97j \quad \text{o, para más facilidad, } s^* = -4 + 5j \quad (\text{menos } 80\%)$$

Voy a usar un PD + PI (necesito error de posición nulo)

Condición de fase:  $180^\circ = \angle z_{PD} - \angle p(-1) - p(-3) = \angle z_{PD} - \tan^{-1} \frac{5}{3} - 180^\circ$

$$180^\circ = \angle z_{PD} - (180^\circ - \tan^{-1} \frac{5}{3}) - (180^\circ - \tan^{-1} \frac{5}{1}) = \angle z_{PD} - 180^\circ + 59^\circ - 180^\circ + 79^\circ$$

$$\angle z_{PD} = 180^\circ - 59^\circ - 79^\circ = 42^\circ \Rightarrow 42^\circ = \tan^{-1} \frac{5}{z-4} \Rightarrow z = 9.5$$

Condición de módulo  $K = \frac{|s^*+3||s^*+1|}{9|s^*+9.5|} = \frac{5.1 \cdot 5.8}{9 \cdot 7.4} = 0.44$

Luego  $PD = 0.44(s+9.5)$

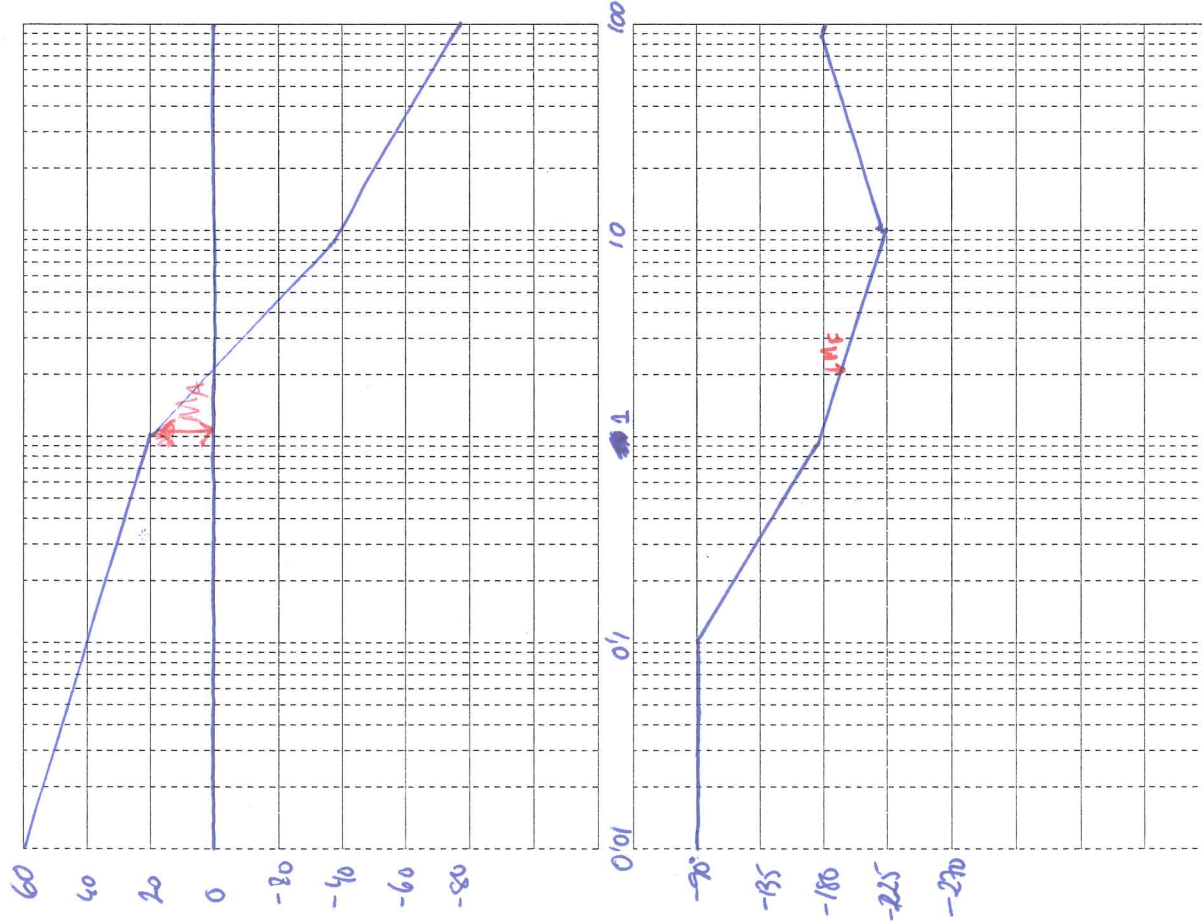
PI: condición de error  $\frac{1}{K_v} = 0.1 \Rightarrow \frac{3 \cdot 1}{0.44 \cdot 9.5 \cdot 9 \cdot z_{PI}} = 0.1 \Rightarrow z_{PI} = 0.8$

$$K_{PI} = \frac{|s^*|}{|s^*+0.8|} = \frac{6.4}{5.9} = 1.085 \Rightarrow PID = 0.48 \frac{(s+9.5)(s+0.8)}{s}$$

b) Sobrecoscilación original:  $G_{BC}(s) = \frac{9}{s^2+3+4s+9} \Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$   
 $\zeta = 1/\sqrt{3} = 0.58 \Rightarrow 50\% = 10.7\%$        $\gamma = 2\zeta\omega_n = 4\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

Sobrecoscilación actual:  $\zeta = \cos \theta = \frac{4}{\sqrt{4^2+5^2}} = 0.62 > 0.58 \Rightarrow \text{menos } 50\% (= 8.3\%)$

Diagramas de Bode



$$2) \quad G(s) = \frac{10(s+9)}{9s(s+1)^2} = \frac{10 \cdot \cancel{s} (\cancel{s}+1)}{\cancel{s} s (s+1)^2} \quad \text{Poles: } 0, -1, -1 \quad \text{Zeros: } -9$$

$$\text{Frec. corte} = \{ 1, 9 \} \quad \text{Frec. fase} = \{ 0.1, 0.1, 10, 90 \}$$

$$M(0.01) = 20 \log \frac{1}{0.01} + 20 \log 10 = 40 \text{ dB} + 20 \text{ dB} = 60 \text{ dB}$$

$$\phi(0.01) = -90 \cdot \text{Tipo} = -90^\circ; \quad \phi(100) = -90 \cdot \text{grados rel.} = -180^\circ$$

|         | 0.01 | 1   | 9   | 100 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 10 | 100 | 100 |
|---------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| Polo 0  | -20  | -20 | -20 | -20 |     |     |     |    |     |     |
| Polo -1 | 0    | -20 | -20 | -20 |     |     |     |    |     |     |
| Polo -1 | 0    | -20 | -20 | -20 |     |     |     |    |     |     |
| Zero -9 | 0    | 0   | 20  | 20  |     |     |     |    |     |     |
| TOTAL   | -20  | -60 | -40 | -40 | 0   | -90 | -45 | 45 | 45  | 0   |

b)  $\omega_c \approx 2.1 \text{ rad/s}$   $M_A \approx -18 \text{ dB} \Rightarrow$  ~~estable~~ Inestable p.g.  $M_A < 0 \text{ dB}$   
 $M_F \approx -10^\circ$   $y \quad M_F < 0^\circ$

c)  $50\% \text{ mín.} \Rightarrow M_F \text{ máx.} \Rightarrow \omega \in (0.1, 0.1) \text{ rad/s}$   
 $M_A(0.1) = -40 \text{ dB} \Rightarrow K \in (-\infty \text{ dB}, -40 \text{ dB})$

$$K \in (0.1, 0.1)$$

15'

$$(3) \quad e_r(\infty) = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{Tipo} \geq 1}}$$

a) Controlador A: polo en  $-1$ , polo en origen ( $\phi(0,02) = -90$ )  $\Rightarrow C_A = \underline{\underline{\frac{s+1}{s}}}$

Además  $M(1) = 0\text{dB} \Rightarrow$  Ganancia unitaria

Controlador B: Polo en  $-1$ , Cero en  $-2 \Rightarrow C_B = \frac{s+2}{s+1}$

$M(0,01) \approx 6\text{dB}$ . Tengo  $2 \frac{(s/2+1)}{(s+1)}$  y como  $20\log 2 = 6\text{dB}$ , ya está bien!

Como la planta tiene  $\phi(0,01) = 0 \Rightarrow$  Tipo  $0$

luego necesito el controlador A

b)  $\omega_c \approx 2,5 \text{ rad/s}$   $M_F \approx 70^\circ = -110^\circ - (-180^\circ)$

c)  $M_A(\omega = 30 \text{ rad/s}) = 30\text{dB} \Rightarrow K = 10^{\frac{30}{20}} = \underline{\underline{31,6}}$

d)  $M(20) = -19\text{dB}$   $\phi(20) = -160^\circ \Rightarrow y(t) = 10 \cdot 10^{\frac{-19}{20}} \cos(20t - 30 - 160) =$   
 $= \underline{\underline{1,12 \cos(20t - 190^\circ)}}$

Polos en  $0, -10, -100 \Rightarrow G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+10)(s+100)}$

Comenzaría en  $20\log \frac{1}{0,1} + 20\log \frac{1}{10 \cdot 100} = 20\text{dB} - 60\text{dB} = -40\text{dB}$

Pero el diagrama empieza en  $\approx 30\text{dB}$ , luego me faltan  $70\text{dB}$

$70\text{dB} \Rightarrow K \approx 10^{\frac{70}{20}} = \underline{\underline{3162}}$

$G(s) = \frac{3162}{s(s+10)(s+100)}$

error rampa =  $\frac{1}{K_v} = \frac{1}{\frac{3162}{1000}} = \underline{\underline{0,32}}$