



NAME

SURNAME

EXAM (60%)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Important: Please, write down your name. Read the exam carefully before you start. Write down the answers in the blank spaces provided right after each exercise. You may use the last page for drafts. Time available for the test is 2:30 h.

1. (1 mark, 10 min)

Given the following molecules: (a) XeF₂; (b) CO₂; (c) OF₂; (d) C₂H₄; (e) NO₂⁻; (f) N₂H₄.

- Which of the following molecules would be linear? And planar?
- Which of the following molecules would be angular?
- Which have lone pairs around the central atom?
- Predict the hybridisation of carbon atoms in molecules (b) and (d)
- Which of the following molecules are polar?

Data: Atomic numbers (Z): H(Z= 1); C(Z= 6); N(Z= 7); O(Z= 8); F(Z= 9); Xe(Z= 54).

The hydrazine (N₂H₄) has a dipole moment of 1.85 D.

2. (1 points, 10 mins) Consider a mixture of two volatile liquids A and B, where A is the most volatile liquid. Discuss whether the following statements are true or false and give a reason for your answer.

- The boiling temperature of the mixture only depends on the external pressure
- The boiling temperature of the mixture will be higher the higher the mole fraction of component A in the liquid mixture
- The boiling temperature of the mixture is will be lower than the boiling temperature of B (T_b⁰(B)) and higher than that of A (T_b⁰(A)).
- In a rectification column component A will be obtained at the bottom whereas component B will be obtained at the head of the distillation column.
- At the same temperature, vapour pressure of component A will be higher than vapour pressure of component B.

Cartagena99

CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70

3. (1 points, 15 mins). Name the main factors that influence the rate of a chemical reaction. Please provide a brief explanation for each factor and how it affects the rate of a chemical reaction.

4. (1.5 points, 15 mins) The following electrochemical reactions take place in a lead acid battery as those commonly used in automobiles:



- Write down the overall cell reaction and calculate the standard cell potential
- How many elements are needed to get an output voltage of 12V as those used in the car batteries?
- If the anode is made with 4 kg of lead, how many moles of Pb are there? Calculate the total amount of charge (in Coulombs, C) that can be accumulated in the battery.
- Calculate Gibbs free energy of the battery and estimate the equilibrium constant of the battery (at equilibrium and for 25 °C).

Data: $F = 96500 \text{ C}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$; $M (\text{Pb}) = 207 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$; $R = 8.314 \text{ J}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$.

The logo for Cartagena99 features the text 'Cartagena99' in a stylized, blue, serif font. The '99' is significantly larger and more prominent than the word 'Cartagena'. The text is set against a light blue background with a subtle gradient and a soft shadow effect.

CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70

5. (1.5 points, 15 min) Octane is burnt in an engine with 20% excess air.
- Write down the balanced combustion equation with air and calculate the heat under constant pressure conditions. Assume that water is obtained in the liquid state.
 - Is the engine working under rich or lean conditions? Discuss the advantages of working under these conditions.
 - Calculate the average molar mass of air. Then calculate the air to fuel ratio (in kg).

Assume air is formed mainly by oxygen and nitrogen in a ratio (21% O₂; 79% N₂).

Data: ΔH_f° (C₈H₁₈) = -248.5 kJ/mol; ΔH_f° (H₂O, l) = -285.8 kJ/mol; ΔH_f° (CO₂) = -393.509 kJ/mol
M (N₂) = 28 g/mol; M (O₂) = 32 g/mol; M(C₈H₁₈) = 114.23 g/mol;
R = 0.082 atm·l·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹ = 8.314 J·mol⁻¹·K⁻¹

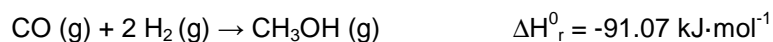
The logo for Cartagena99 features the text 'Cartagena99' in a stylized, blue, serif font. The '99' is significantly larger and more prominent than the 'Cartagena' part. The text is set against a light blue background with a white arrow pointing to the right, and a white shadow is cast beneath the text.

CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70

6. (1.5 marks, 15 mins)

1 mol of CO is added to a 2 L flask at 427 °C with a catalyst to produce the following reaction:



A certain amount of H₂ is added, after reaching equilibrium, the total pressure is 60 atm. 0.0148 mol of methanol are formed. Calculate:

- Equilibrium constants given in terms of concentrations (K_c) and in terms of partial pressures (K_p) at 427°C.
- ΔG_r⁰ and ΔS_r⁰ at 427 °C.

After reaching equilibrium, temperature decreases to 25 °C, calculate:

- ΔG_r⁰ and the new equilibrium constant (K_p) at 25°C. Is K_p (at 25 °C) higher or lower than K_p at 427 °C? Explain your answer.

Note: ΔH_r⁰ and ΔS_r⁰ do not vary during cooling, and all compounds remain in gas phase.

Data: 8.314 J/g = 0.082 atm l·mol⁻¹ K⁻¹.

The logo for Cartagena99 features the word 'Cartagena99' in a stylized, blue, serif font. The '99' is significantly larger and more prominent than the rest of the text. The logo is set against a light blue background with a white arrow pointing to the right, and a yellow shadow is cast beneath the text.

CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

- - -

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70

7. (1.0 marks, 15 mins) Indicate whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

Correct answers +0.1p; Incorrect answers -0.05p.

1	The hydrohalogenation reaction is an elimination reaction that usually yields as a product an alkene.
2	The chlorination of alkanes proceeds as a radical substitution reaction that takes place in three different steps: initiation, propagation and termination.
3	In the following reaction elimination and a redox processes takes place: $\text{CH}_3\text{-CHBr-CHBr-CH}_3 + \text{Zn} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{-CH=CH-CH}_3 + \text{ZnBr}_2$
4	Pyrogenation of coal is based on a thermal treatment with oxygen at high temperature to obtain liquid hydrocarbons.
5	From methane it is possible to obtain syngas ($\text{CO} + \text{H}_2$) which is used as raw material for many industrial processes.
6	In the combustion of a fuel, a rich mixture is a mixture with an excess of air.
7	Obtaining methods of alkenes usually involve addition reactions.
8	The quantity known as higher heating value (HHV) is determined by bringing all the products of combustion back to the original temperature, usually to 25°C.
9	Flash distillation is used mainly to obtain substances that are temperature sensitive materials
10	In organic reactions, a heterolytic bond cleavage yields as a result two ionic compounds, the carbocation and a carbanion.

The logo for Cartagena99 features the text 'Cartagena99' in a stylized, blue, serif font. The '99' is significantly larger and more prominent than the 'Cartagena' part. The text is set against a light blue background with a subtle gradient and a soft shadow effect.

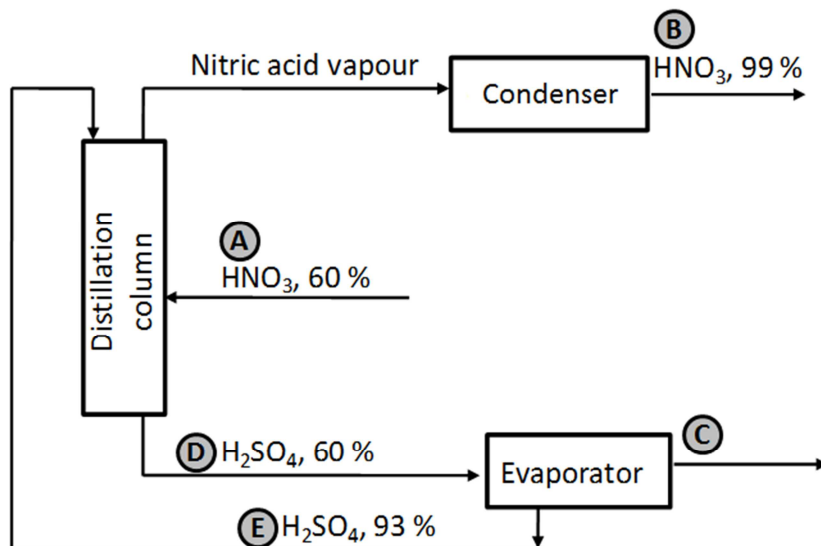
CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

- - -

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70

8. (1.5 points, 15 min) The final step in the fabrication process of nitric acid is a distillation in which the acid is concentrated from 60% to 99% (weight percentages in aqueous solutions). The presence of sulfuric acid, which is not fed or extracted to the system, decreases water partial pressure, thus it is possible to increase the concentration of nitric acid by distillation.
- Using the flowchart given below and considering that a stream of 100 kg h^{-1} of concentrated nitric acid of 99% leaves the system (B, stream) determine:
- The mass flow of sulfuric acid that is recirculated.
 - Mass flow of dilute nitric acid in the feed stream.
 - The efficiency of the overall process for the elimination of water.

NOTE: All percentages are in weight.



Cartagena99

CLASES PARTICULARES, TUTORÍAS TÉCNICAS ONLINE
LLAMA O ENVÍA WHATSAPP: 689 45 44 70

ONLINE PRIVATE LESSONS FOR SCIENCE STUDENTS
CALL OR WHATSAPP:689 45 44 70